Meeting Purpose

- Review study purpose and goals
- Present key findings and recommendations
- Gather input on recommendations
- Present next steps

What We Heard From You

Issues/Concerns

- Roadway Safety
- Traffic Congestion
- Access/interchange location
- Signage & informational devices
- Safe access to businesses
- Secondary street impacts
- Feasibility and costs of implementation

Scenario Preferences

- SR 400
 - 57% Freeway
 - 25% Limited Access
 - 18% Multi-Lane Divided Roads
- SR 365
 - 55% Freeway
 - 38% Limited Access
 - 7% Multi-Lane Divided Roads

How Public Input was Used

- Provided understanding of local travel patterns and issues
- Provided guidance for Technical Advisory Committee
- Guided identification of scenarios
- Guided identification of short term operational solutions
- Guided identification of policy improvements

Study Goals and Objectives

- Improve safety
 - Reduce potential for vehicular conflicts
 - Increase safe crossings for bicyclists and pedestrians
- Increase mobility
 - Reduce corridor trip times
 - Reduce system-wide hours of delay
 - Decrease corridor mileage operating at unacceptable levels of service
- Better manage access
 - Reduce corridor access points
 - Increase connectivity
 - Increase average speed in congested conditions
- Encourage transportation best practices
 - Minimize environmental impacts
 - Maximize benefit/cost relationship
 - Promote appropriate land use decision making

SR 365 Existing Conditions

Crash History

- 864 collisions between 2000 and 2003, including 489 injuries and 13 fatalities
- Most collision crash types were rear end, angle, or collision with objects (i.e. deer, tree, guardrail)
- The total collision rate along the section classified as "principal arterial rural" is 20% higher than the statewide average for similar roadways.
- The total collision rate along the section classified as "principal arterial urban" is 25% higher.

Traffic Origins and Destinations

- There are approximately 15,000 daily through trips
 - 46% of total traffic at south end
 - 65% of total travel at north end
- Local trips are oriented strongly to/from Gainesville and Clarkesville/Mt. Airy

SR 365 Existing Conditions

Level of Service

- All eight signalized intersections currently operate at LOS C or better (acceptable)
- Traffic growth is projected to be 2 to 4 times current volumes by year 2030
- Average daily speed is 58.6 mph

Population and Employment

- Population increased by 30,161 persons between 2000 and 2005
- Total population in 2005 is 205,374 persons
- Employment totals 87,339 jobs in 2005
- Hall County had a higher rate of growth and larger population increase than Habersham

SR 365 Future Conditions (2030)

- Population and employment triple by 2030
- Average daily speed is 56.0 mph
- 18.3 study area miles (12%) have insufficient capacity
- Corridor wide delay increases 7,450%
- Travel time increases 22% between North Georgia Regional Hospital and Canon Bridge & Business 441 in Demorest by 2030

SR 365 Scenario Performance

No Build

- Pros
 - No capital costs
 - Maintains current level of access
 - No property impacts
- Cons
 - Increase in user costs
 - Continued degradation of mobility, safety, emissions
 - Increase in travel times
- Implementation Considerations
 - Potential increase in "piece-meal" fixes such as intersection improvements, turn lanes and other operational improvements

SR 365 Scenario Performance

6 Lane Partial Freeway

Pros

- Improved mobility and travel time
- Improved safety
- Maintains higher level of access

Cons

- Capital costs
- ROW costs
- Impacts to property and level of access
- Level of service is marginal at planning horizon (2030) in controlled access portion

Implementation Considerations

- Benefit/cost is 2.93
- Intersection improvements still needed (traffic signals, etc.)
- Need to initiate purchase of access rights for freeway section
- Dependent on widening SR 365 (south of Jesse Jewell Parkway)

SR 365 Scenario Performance

6 Lane Freeway

Pros

- Best serves origins/destinations or through function of corridor
- Best mobility and travel time
- Improved safety (no right angle vehicular conflicts)
- Improved quality of access

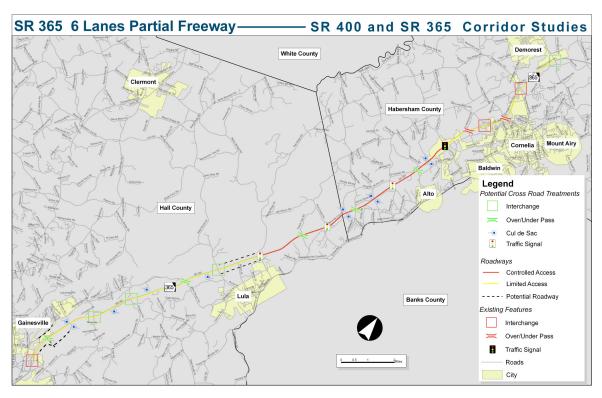
Cons

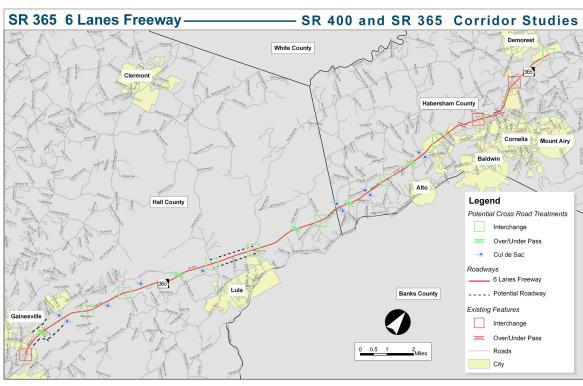
- Highest capital costs
- Highest ROW costs
- Impacts to property and level of access

Implementation Considerations

- Benefit/cost is 1.45
- Can be phased (partial freeway to full freeway)
- Need to initiate purchase of access rights
- Dependent on widening SR 365 (south of Jesse Jewell Parkway)

SR 365 Scenarios Considered





SR 365 Recommendations

- Recommended Scenario
 - 6-lane freeway
- Implementation strategies
 - Prioritize against other projects statewide
 - Purchase access rights to protect the corridor
 - Implement incremental improvements toward the ultimate concept
 - Delay widening to six lanes until warranted and appropriate
- Supporting strategies
 - Evaluate corridor needs further north, perhaps to state line

Next Steps

- Complete study
 - Review public input
 - Prepare technical report
 - Notify the public of study completion and options for viewing the study
- Periodically review study recommendations against available funding and statewide priorities